425th Fighter Squadron

Lineage.

Constituted as 425th Night Fighter Squadron on 23 November 1943.

Activated on 1 December 1943.

Inactivated on 25 August 1947.

Redesignated 425th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron on 22 August 1969.

Activated on 15 October 1969.

Inactivated on 1 September 1989.¹

Redesignated as 425th Fighter Squadron on 1 December 1992.

Activated on 30 December 1992.²



Honors.

Campaign Streamers.

World War II European-African-Middle Eastern Theater

Normandy [1944]

Northern France [1944]

Rhineland [1944-1945]

Ardennes-Alsace [1944-1945]

Central Europe [1945]

Air Combat [1941-1945]

Decorations.

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards

15 October-31 December 1969

1 January 1971-31 December 1972

1 January 1975-31 December 1976³

1 January 1978-31 December 1979⁴

1 August 1982-31 May 1984

30 December 1992-31 March 1994⁵

1 July 1994-30 June 1996⁶

1 July 1996-30 June 1998⁷

¹ TAC SO GB-45, 23 August 1989

² ACC SO GB-27, 14 December 1992

³ DAF SO GB-118, 1 March 1978

⁴ DAF SO GB-022, 19 January 1981

⁵ AETC SO GA-78, 28 Feb 1995

⁶ AETC SO GA-18, 15 November1996

Decorations. (Continued)

Air Force Outstanding Unit Awards (Continued)

1 July 1998-30 June 2000⁸

1 July 2001-30 June 2003⁹

[1 July] 2003-30 June 2005¹⁰

1 July 2005-30 June 2006¹¹

1 July 2006-30 June 2007¹²

1 July 2007-30 June 2008¹³

1 July 2008-30 June 2009¹⁴

1 July 2009-30 June 2010¹⁵

1 July 2010-30 June 2011¹⁶

1 July 2011-30 June 2012¹⁷

1 July 2012-30 June 2013¹⁸

1 July 2013-30 June 2014¹⁹

1 July 2014-30 June 2015²⁰

1 July 2015-30 June 2016²¹

1 July 2016-30 June 2017²²

1 July 2017-30 June 2018²³

1 July 2018-30 June 2019²⁴

Special Honors.

Citation in the Order of the Day, Belgian Army: 6 June-30 September 1944.

Squadron – 20 Total Aerial Victory Credits. Squadron Aces: None.

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<sup>7</sup> AETC SO GA-12, 9 November 1998
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⁸ AETC SO GA-9, 8 December 2000

⁹ AETC SO GA-55, 29 April 2004

¹⁰ AETC SO GA-0052, 22 June 2006

¹¹ AETC SO GA-045, 8 May 2007

¹² AETC SO G-054, 28 February 2008

¹³ AETC SO G-071, 3 April 2009

¹⁴ AETC SO G-025, 11 March 2010

¹⁵ AETC SO G-086, 9 May 2011

¹⁶ AETC SO G-171, 17 April 2012

¹⁷ AETC SO G-036, 1 March 2013

¹⁸ AETC SO G-017, 1 February 2014

¹⁹ AETC SO G-029, 8 January 2015

²⁰ AETC SO G-006, 14 October 2016

²¹ AETC SO G-022, 22 March 2017

²² AETC SO G-015, 19 Dec 2017

²³ AETC SO G-057, 20 May 2019

²⁴ AETC SO G-013, 18 Dec 2019

Assignments. 481st Night Fighter Operational Training Group, 1 December 1943; Ninth Air Force, 23 May 1944; IX Air Defense Command, 10 June 1944; 471st Fighter Wing, 20 June 1944; IX Air Defense Command, 6 August 1944; XIX Tactical Air Command, 7 October 1944; Ninth Air Force, 7 July 1945; Fourth Air Force, 9 September 1945; Air Defense Command, 21 March 1946; Fourth Air Force, 31 July 1946-25 August 1947. 58th Tactical Fighter Training (later, 58th Tactical Training) Wing, 15 October 1969; 405th Tactical Training Wing, 29 August 1979²⁵-1 September 1989. 58th Operations Group, 30 December 1992; 56th Operations Group, 1 April 1994-. 26

Stations. Orlando Air Base, Florida, 1 December 1943; Hammer Field, California, 30 January 1944; Visalia Muni Airport, California, 25 February-1 May 1944; Chormy Down, England, 26 May 1944; Scorton, England, 12 June 1944; Stoneman Park, England, 12 August 1944; Vannes, France, 18 August 1944; Le Moustoiris, France, 1 September 1944; Coulommiers, France, 11 September 1944; Prosnes, France, 13 October 1944; Etain, France, 9 November 1944; Frankfurt, Germany, 12 April 1945; Furth, Germany, 2 May 1945; Crepy-en-Laommis, France, 5 July 1945; St Victoret, France, 18-24 August 1945; Lemoore Army Air Field, California, 9 September 1945; Camp Pinedale, California, 23 October 1945; March Field, California, 8 March 1946; McChord Field, Washington, 1 September 1946-25 August 1947. Williams Air Force Base, Arizona, 15 October 1969-1 September 1989. Luke Air Force Base, Arizona, 30 December 1992-.

Aircraft.

Northrop YP-61 Black Widow 1944 Douglas A-20 Havoc, 1944 Douglas P-70 Nighthawk 1944

Northrop P-61 Black Widow 1944-1946, 1946-1947

Northrop F-5 Freedom Fighter 1969-1989 Lockheed F-16 Fighting Falcon 1993-.

Emblem. Approved on 7 January 1993; replaced emblems approved on 11 June 1970 and 4 May 1945. Redrawn on 30 May 2019.

Blazon. On a disc Gules, a gunsight throughout Sable, surmounted by two lightning bolts chevronwise Argent, points to chief, overall in base a black widow spider Proper; all within a narrow border Black.

Attached below the disc, a White scroll edged with a narrow Black border and inscribed "425TH FIGHTER SQ" in Black letters

Official Motto. None.

Significance. Ultramarine blue and Air Force yellow are the Air Force colors. Blue alludes to the sky, the primary theater of Air Force operations. Yellow refers to the sun and the

²⁵ TAC SO GA-95, 20 August 1979

²⁶ AETC SO G-40, 20 April 1994

excellence required of Air Force personnel. Red is consistent with the national colors of Singapore and is used to acknowledge their role in the reactivation of the Squadron. The mission of the unit is to support Peace Carvin II (Foreign Military Sales), selling F-16s, and to provide training to the Republic of Singapore. The black widow spider maintains historical continuity with the Squadron's original mission as a P-61 Black Widow Night Fighter Squadron in World War II. The gunsight reflects the tools of the fighter pilot's trade and also symbolizes the web of the spider. The lightning bolts represent the striking power of modern tactical fighters.

Commanders.

425th Night Fighter Squadron [1 December 1943- 25 August 1947]

Unknown 1-9 December 1943
Lt Col Leon G. Lewis 10 December 1943
Maj Russell Glasser 10 February 1945 (temporary)
Capt McDonald 7 May 1945 (temporary)

Lt Col Leon G. Lewis
Unknown
Unknown
Unknown
Unknown
Unknown-31 August 1946

Lt Col George Laven, Jr. 1 September 1946 Lt Col Charles W. Howe November 1946

Capt A. K. McDonald January 1947 (temporary)
Lt Col Charles W. Howe March 1947-Unknown

425 Tactical Fighter Training Squadron [15 October 1969-1 September 1989]

15 October 1969 [Lieutenant General] Lt Col Herman O. Thomson Lt Col Roy L. Holbrook c. July 1970 by July 1971 Lt Col John H. Gale, Jr. Lt Col George C. Forstnee by July 1974 by July 1975 Lt Col Conrad L. Bayousett 17 December 1975²⁷ Lt Col Tom E. Stewart 13 January 1978²⁸ Lt Col Charles D. Bozzuto Lt Col Kenneth J. Monroe 1 February 1980²⁹ Lt Col Philip W. Nuber 30 December 1980 [Major General] Lt Col Francis N. Markette 19 June 1982 4 October 1982³⁰ Col John M. Vickery 16 January 1984³¹ Col Edward T. Boswell 6 December 1985³² Lt Col Richard K. Willis 22 June 1987³³ Lt Col James E. Anderson

11 July 1988-1 September 1989.34

Lt Col Steven R. Chealander

²⁷ 58 CSG 190013Z DEC 75 MSG

²⁸ 425 TFTS SO G-1, 13 January 1978

²⁹ 425 TFTS SO G-7, 1 February 1980

³⁰ 425 TFTS SO G-8, 4 October 1982

³¹ 425 TFTS SO G-02, 16 January 1984

³² 832 CSG SO G-10, 5 December 1985

³³ 832 CSG SO G-51, 19 June 1987

Commanders. (Continued)

425 Fighter Squadron [30 December 1992-.]

Lt Col Wayne E. Hughes

Lt Col Michael L. Hauser

Lt Col Jack I. Gregory Jr.

Lt Col Jeffrey E. Stambaugh

Lt Col Daniel G. Saville

30 December 1992³⁵
20 June 1994³⁶
3 July 1996³⁷
10 July 1998³⁸
2 March 2000³⁹

Lt Col Paul H. McGillicuddy 1 November 2001⁴⁰ [Major General] Ret

Lt Col John D. Roosa 25 June 2002⁴¹

Lt Col Barre R. Seguin 17 May 2004⁴² [Major General]

Lt Col Lynn I. Sheel

Lt Col Stephen J. Granger

Lt Col Michael J. Dean

Lt Col Kevin S. Cruikshank

Lt Col John T. Forino

Lt Col Jason L. Cooper

22 May 2006⁴³

25 April 2008⁴⁴

4 May 2010⁴⁵

4 May 2012⁴⁶

29 June 2016.⁴⁸

Lt Col Mark D. Whisler 16 March 2018-Present.⁴⁹

Narrative.

The squadron was constituted as 425th Night Fighter Squadron on 23 November 1943. It activated on 1 December 1943 at Orlando Air Base, Florida, and was assigned to the 481st Night Fighter Operational Training Group. On 30 January 1944, the unit moved to Hammer Field, California. During 1944, the squadron flew four different aircraft, the Northrop YP-61 Black Widow, Douglas A-20 Havoc, Douglas P-70 Nighthawk, and Northrop P-61 Black Widow. Squadron pilots continued to fly the P-61 until the squadron inactivated. On 25 February 1944, the squadron moved to Visalia Muni Airport, California. On 1 May 1944, the unit departed for England. On 23 May 1944, it was assigned to Ninth Air Force, and three days later arrived at

³⁴ 832 CSG SO SO-G-67, 1 September 1988

³⁵ 58 OG SO SO-GC-1, 29 December 1992

³⁶ 425 FS SO SO-GAH-001, 17 June 1994

³⁷ 425 FS SO SO-GAH-002, 13 June 1996

³⁸ 425 FS SO GAH-001, 10 July 1998

³⁹ 425 FS SO GAH-001, 2 March 2000

⁴⁰ 425 FS SO GAH-002, 1 November 2001

⁴¹ [No SO], 25 June 2002

⁴² 425 FS SO 56-OSS-G-2004-06, 17 May 2004

⁴³ 425 FS, 56 OG-G20006-09, 1 May 2006

⁴⁴ 425 FS, G-009, 4 April 2008

⁴⁵ 56 MSG, G-003, 30 April 2010

⁴⁶ 56 MSG SO G-008, 23 April 2012

⁴⁷ 56 MSG SO GS-16-14, 30 May 2014

⁴⁸ 56 MSG SO G-16-16, 21 June 2016

⁴⁹ 56 MSG SO G-03-18, 24 January 2018

Chormy Down, England. On 10 June 1944, it was assigned to the IX Air Defense Command. Two days later, it moved to Scorton, England. Eight days later, it was assigned to the 471st Fighter Wing. On 6 August 1944, the squadron was reassigned to IX Air Defense Command. Six days later, it moved to Stoneman Park, England, and in six more days moved again to Vannes, France. On 1 September 1944, the squadron moved to Le Moustoiris, France, and 10 days later to Coulommiers, France. On 7 October 1944, the unit was assigned to the XIX Tactical Air Command. Three days later, it moved to Prosnes, France. On 9 November 1944, the unit moved to Etain, France. On 12 April 1945, the squadron moved to Frankfurt, Germany. On 2 May 1945, it moved to Furth, Germany. During this time, the squadron flew combat in the European Theater of Operations (ETO). It earned a Belgian Army Citation in the Order of the Day and six campaign streamers.

On 5 July 1945, the squadron moved to Crepy-en-Laommis, France, and two days later was reassigned to Ninth Air Force. On 18 August 1945, the unit was moved to St. Victoret, France. It left St. Victoret on 24 August 1945 and arrived at Lemoore Army Air Field, California, on 9 September 1945, where it was assigned to Fourth Air Force. On 23 October 1945, the squadron moved to Camp Pinedale, California. On 8 March 1946, it moved to March Field, California, and on 21 March 1946 was assigned to the Air Defense Command. On 31 July 1946, the squadron was reassigned to Fourth Air Force. On 1 September 1946, the unit moved to McChord Field, Washington, where it was inactivated on 25 August 1947. During the post war period, the squadron flew Air Defense missions.

On 22 August 1969, the unit was redesignated 425th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron. The squadron activated on 15 October 1969 at Williams Air Force Base, Arizona. Assigned to the 58th Tactical Fighter Training (later, 58th Tactical Training) Wing, the squadron trained international personnel to fly the Northrop F-5 Freedom Fighter. On 29 August 1979, the unit was assigned to the 405th Tactical Training Wing. The squadron inactivated on 1 September 1989.

On 1 December 1992, the squadron was redesignated as 425th Fighter Squadron. On 30 December 1992, the squadron was activated at Luke Air Force Base, Arizona. It was assigned to the 58th Operations Group. On 1 April 1994, the unit was assigned to the 56th Operations Group. At Luke Air Force Base, the squadron trains international personnel in the Lockheed F-16 Fighting Falcon.

Locally Updatedo on 20 February 2020

Locally Updated by Rick Griset